



Authenticity from the ground up: texts and tasks

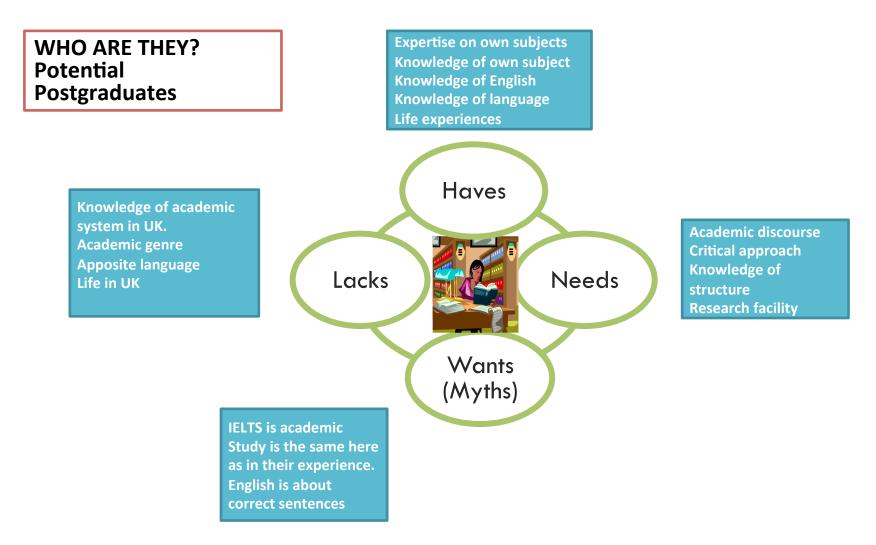
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BALEAP PROFESSIONAL ISSUES MEETING AUTHENTICITY IN EAP LEEDS UNIVERSITY 15TH FEBRUARY 2014





Authentic people



Week	Торіс	Reading/ Listening	Speaking	Writing
2	People	Biographies of Obama and Gates	Interview a member of the class	Write their partner's biography
3	Cities	Jigsaw reading of texts about 3 cities W	Presentation of own city	Tourist brochure for home city
4	Leeds	Resources related to life in Leeds. [language + genre] Resources that present written comparisons of cities.	Group Poster presentations for new international students of an aspect of life in Leeds	Plan and write a semi formal letter to a work colleague to compare their home city and Leeds
5	Education	Description and critical analysis of education system in Singapore W Arguments for and against online learning	A planned and staged discussion between university tutors and Techies about whether to embrace virtual courses.	Plan and write a description and critical analysis of own education system.
6	Study Abroad	Online resources	An interview to explain why and how they applied to study in Leeds	Research, Plan and write an essay about the advantages of postgraduate study abroad
7	Personal Statements	Exemplar materials On line videos	Prepare interview questions in groups and take it in turn to interview/ be interviewed	Plan and write their own personal statement and CV for admission to a postgraduate course
8	Issues/ Innovations	Textbooks and articles related to their subject area. Exemplar materials	Prepare and deliver a 15 min presentation of an innovation from	Written a detailed summary of their talk and an annotated bibliography
9			their subject area	

Week	Торіс	Reading/Listening	Speaking	Writing
1	Introduction to academic life	Advice on lecture note- taking	Introducing yourself	An annotated bibliography for a journal article
		Using the university		(note taking, summarising,
		library		referencing)
2.	Influences	Influential people (from		Summary of lecture
		Wikipedia)		Hand in copy of notes and
		Lecture on Darwin and		write an introduction to the
		Halliday		person.
3.	Influences	Research an influential	Interview student as expert	(note-taking, summarising,
		figure in your own subject	on influential person	introducing)
		area	(research note-taking,	
		Listen to Melvin Bragg In	question forming,	
		Our Time	articulating ideas)	
4.	Megacities	Andrew Marr Megacities,	Group presentation, Groups	Essay (500 words) on
		Report on City	choose a megacity and each	`Advantages and Issues in
		Development, Journal	discusses issues in their own	Megacities'
		articles on Megacities in	area	Report on the issue
5	Megacities	general	(research, note-taking,	highlighted in the
		Lecture on Megacities,	communicating ideas, group	presentation
		research on an aspect of a	working)	(planning, outlining,
		megacity		drafting)
6	Nanotechnology	Lecture on	Conduct a survey among	Reporting your research
7	Nanotechnology	Nanotechnology	people in Leeds. `What do	(1200 words)
		Journal articles on	they know about and feel	(researching, note-taking,
		nanotechnology	about the use of	planning, outlining, drafting)
		reporting surveys	nanotechnology' (survey	
		Questionnaires and	writing, questionnaires,	
		surveys	approaching Leedsians)	
8	New Directions	University department	Presentation on `An	Short newsletter article
9	New Directions	newsletters. Journals for	innovation in my subject'	(research, knowing your
		new research		department, genre writing)

IV. Brain Computer Interface (BCI):

Brain computer interface is a technology which makes a bridge between the brain and external devices [7]. The main types of BCI are invasive BCI and non-invasive BCI [8]. The invasive BCI is dangerous because surgery will be needed in this type while the non-invasive BCI is safe because the sensors in this type are put in the scalp [8]. Therefore, many researchers recommend the non-invasive BCI to assist disabled people to control wheelchairs. Rebsamen et al. [9] BCI system which is a clear example of using non-invasive BCI to control a wheelchair will be explained in this article.

The components which Rebsamen et al. [9] use in their wheelchair control system are that fifteen EEG sensors to receive the EEG signals from the user head. Moreover, they used a device which has a filter, an amplifier and an analogue to digital converter to remove the noise from the EEG signals and make them larger and convert these signals from analogue to digital in order to be easy for a computer to deal with them. Furthermore, three infrared sensors are set in front of the wheelchair and a laptop which is used to process commands and display the movement choices for users. They used also two optical rotary encoders to record the speed of each wheel. In

Cloud computing has different characteristics from other computer paradigms, such as Cluster computing and Grid computing. Cluster computing can be defined as a collection of interconnected independent computers that work together as a single system (Buyya et al., 2009, Rouse, 2005). On the other hand, Grid computing is generally defined as a computing environment distributed which allows heterogeneous, diverse, geographically distributed computer resources to: aggregate; share and select to provide a platform that has an ability to share resources and solve problems with high level of performance, transparency, and security (Lee et al., 2009). In contrast, Cloud computing has been defined by computing researchers in various ways. According to The National Institute of Standards and Technology, cloud computing is defined as "a model for enabling convenient, ondemand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider inter-action" (NIST, 2009, Cited in: Abhishek and Mahasweta, 2011:3, Brian et al., 2008:6, Krutz and Vines, 2010:2).

Therefore, Cloud computing seems to be an integration of Cluster and Grid computing in terms of the infrastructure. For example, Cluster computing consists of individual commodity computers, while Grid computing is a collection of powerful computers such as PC's and servers. In contrast, Cloud computing consists of a mixture of PCs, servers and network